

# Object-Oriented Programming 2: Practical 2: Assignment 1 & Spatial Processing

Benedikt Kantz with Tutor Team

## Slido Q&A



## Organizational matters

- Today: Deadline Team Selection (midnight!!)
- Tomorrow: Assignment 1 starts!

## Practical Schedule

KW	Date	#	KU Topic
40	2.10.2025	00	Modalities
41	9.10.2025	01	Introduction to A0
42	16.10.2025	-	Q&A A0
43	23.10.2025	-	Q&A A0, Deadline A0, A1 Group Sign-Up
44	30.10.2025	02	<b>Intro to A1, Deadline A1 Group Sign-Up</b>
45	6.11.2025	03	Libraries Usage, Q&A A1
46	13.11.2025	-	Q&A A1
47	20.11.2025	-	Q&A A1
48	27.11.2025	-	Q&A A1
49	4.12.2025	-	Q&A A1
50	11.12.2025	04	Deadline A1, Introduction to A2
51	17.12.2025	-	Q&A A2
2	8.1.2026	-	Q&A A2
3	15.1.2025	-	Q&A A2, A2 Deadline
4	23.-29.1.2026	-	Assignment Interviews (AG)

## Assignment 1 Overview I

- Data Loading (10P)
  - Load the XML data from the `osm` file.
  - Parse it into the correct format (Geometries!)
- Amenities and Roads (20P)
  - Return the correct data using the middleware.
  - Requires correctly parsed data and communication to backend.

## Assignment 1 Overview II

- Review and Ranking requests (15P)
  - Implement a Google-style review system.
  - Allow users to fetch the reviews of places.
- Error handling (5P)
  - Further error handling for tasks in this assignment.

Which XML loading systems/frameworks do you know?



## Data Loading: XML Format

- The OSM data is provided as XML.

```
<osm>
  <node id="1" lat="47.0707" lon="15.4395"/>
  <node id="2" lat="47.0710" lon="15.4400"/>
  <way id="10">
    <nd ref="1"/>
    <nd ref="2"/>
    <tag k="building" v="yes"/>
  </way>
</osm>
```

## Data Loading: XML Format

- The OSM data is provided as XML.
- You need to parse it - two ways:
  - **SAX Parser**
  - **DOM Parser**

```
// SAX Parser example  
SAXParserFactory factory = SAXParserFactory.newInstance();  
SAXParser saxParser = factory.newSAXParser();  
//has to be implemented...  
DefaultHandler handler = new MyOsmHandler();  
saxParser.parse("map.osm", handler);
```

## Data Loading: XML Format

- The OSM data is provided as XML.
- You need to parse it - two ways:
  - SAX Parser
  - DOM Parser

```
// DOM Parser example  
DocumentBuilderFactory factory =  
↳ DocumentBuilderFactory.newInstance();  
DocumentBuilder builder = factory.newDocumentBuilder();  
Document doc = builder.parse("map.osm");  
NodeList nodes = doc.getElementsByTagName("node");
```

Which geometric shape would best represent the TU building(s)?



# A short introduction into GIS's (and OSM) [1], [2]

## ■ Data Types

- 1D: Points: (OSM: Nodes)
- 2D: Lines - Polylines - Polygon: (OSM: Ways)
- 2D: Multiple Polygon (holes) - Multiple Geometries: (OSM: Relations)

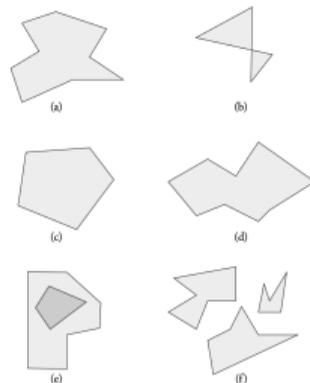


Figure 2.2 Examples of 2D objects: simple polygon (a), non-simple polygon (b), convex polygon (c), monotone polygon (d), polygon with hole (e), and region (f).

Figure: Possible Shapes <sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup>P. Rigaux, **Spatial databases : With application to gis /**, eng, San Francisco, 2002

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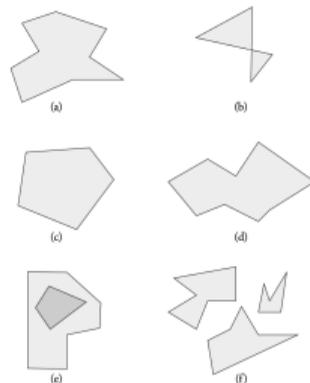


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## Java Topology Suite (JTS)

- Simple & fast system to apply geospatial concepts from above
- Code time!

## Open Questions?



# Bibliography I

## References

- [1] P. Rigaux, **Spatial databases : With application to gis /**, eng, San Francisco, 2002.
- [2] S. Shekhar, **Spatial databases : a tour** (An Alan R. Apt book), eng. 2003, ISBN: 0130174807.